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HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, TUESDAY, JULY 31, 1906.

—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE 2820

DR. W. E. TAYLOR DIED LAST NIGHT

The Well-Known Physician Passed Away at His Home After a Long Illness.

Dr. William Edwin Taylor, one of the best known physicians and one of the best in Honolulu, died last night at eighteen minutes to ten o'clock at his home on Kapiolani street, above Kinau. Dr. Taylor has not been in robust health for a number of years past, although he has continued in active practice and his skill as a surgeon was prized and his advice sought by all the men in the profession in Honolulu. Dr. Taylor had seen service in the United States Navy, in which he was a medical inspector with the relative rank of commander at the time of his health, and was considered one of the most skillful surgeons in the service.

He came to Honolulu, after he had visited the place a number of times, finally in 1888, seeking the islands for the benefit of his health. He had retired from the navy at that time, although subsequently, in 1901, he was called back into the service and acted as naval physician on the station here.

Dr. Taylor was born in Virginia, and at the time of his death was aged 65 years and seven months. He was appointed to the navy from his native state, entering the service in 1859, and saw active service on the old Monadnock, the Saranac, the St. Mary and the Pensacola frigate. He was made a Medical Inspector in the service, and was retired because of ill health on January 14, 1881. Later he was for eighteen years professor of surgery in the Medical Department of the University of California, and during a part of that time was President of the Medical Association of the city and County of San Francisco.

Since his arrival in Honolulu he has served as president of the local Medical Society, and as a member of the Board of Medical Examiners and of the Board of Dental Examiners of the Territory. He has always taken high rank as a physician, and has been known as an upright man of sterling honor and integrity.

He was married and his widow survives him, but there are no children. It is said that just before his death, Dr. Taylor expressed the hope that before he passed away his commission promoting him to the grade of Medical Director in the navy, with the rank of captain, would arrive. Admiral Very, commandant at the station, upon hearing of this, cabled to Washington with the purpose of having the matter hastened, if possible. It is too late now, however, for Dr. Taylor to have this gratification.

Dr. Taylor was a thirty-second degree Mason, and his funeral today at 3 p. m. will be from Masonic Hall and under the direction of the Masons. The pall bearers will be Dr. A. G. Hodgins, Dr. Blanchard, U. S. A., Dr. C. G. Smith, U. S. N., Dr. I. Katsuki, Dr. J. T. Wayson, Dr. M. E. Grossman, Paymaster I. T. Hagner, U. S. N., Dr. H. E. Murray, Dr. C. B. Cooper, Dr. L. E. Cofer, M. H. Service.

GRAND JURY LOOKING AFTER RELIEF FUNDS

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—The Grand Jury has instituted an investigation as to the rights of the Finance Committee recently selected by Mayor Schmitz to handle relief funds.

TO RESTORE CITY HALL.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—The Board of Supervisors, at its meeting last night, passed a resolution to repair and restore the City Hall.

NEW POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—Mayor Schmitz has appointed G. H. Umben and H. T. Cresswell members of the Police Commission in place of W. H. Warfield, deceased, and Dr. Herbert Law, resigned.

ENGLISH COMEDIAN DEAD.

BRIGHTON, England, July 31.—John Toole, the comedian, is dead.

CHOLERA SPREAD BY FLIES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30.—The spread of the cholera in the Philip-



DR. W. E. TAYLOR, U. S. N.

[Photo by Rice & Perkins.]

HOME RULERS NOMINATE NOTLEY FOR DELEGATE

Announce That There Will Be No Fusion With the Democrats, Who Must Make Their Fight All Alone.

By a curious coincidence, yesterday, the day set for the convention of the Home Rule party was the seventeenth anniversary of the Wilcox uprising.

It was a busy, bustling session with the accompaniments of singing, dancing and the inevitable luau. All the old stalwarts from the beaches and backwoods from Kohala to Kakaako were there and the majority of them had their speeches with them. Many of them succeeded in unloading their little talks in the hall but for the benefit of those whom press of time would not allow to be heard, an overflow meeting was held in Aala Park last night, where, under the pale stars, they orated and orated.

One lesson the convention taught and that is that the party is hanging together and outlining a campaign which shall eclipse in activity all of its predecessors.

There will be no fusion. The democrats will have to hoe their own row. This is final. Out of over a hundred delegates present at yesterday's convention the fusionists were about in the ratio of gold to seawater. (The Home Rulers will go it alone.)

The platform is a novelty and is bound to create interest, if nothing more. Its construction shows that the designers are to a certain extent, thinking American thoughts instead of harboring baneful phantasies in their headpieces.

Perhaps the most significant plank in the platform is that which states that in the interests of the Territory,

the delegate to Congress must be of the Hawaiian people. In another siver of the same plank, the voice of protest is raised against the drawing of the color line in politics, as being unconstitutional. Inconsistency, they declare, is certainly not.

Charles Kahilualani Notley was the unanimous choice of the convention as nominee for the delegateship to Congress. The nomination was the signal for a scene of unbounded enthusiasm, those in the hall rising and singing "Hawaii Foroi," the Hawaiian's national anthem of old days and still as dear to the children of the land as of yore.

CALLED TO ORDER.

The Home Rule Territorial Convention was called to order at 10 a. m. yesterday in the Kahilualani hall for the purpose of adopting a platform for the party and nominating a delegate to Congress.

The hall was crowded and the greatest enthusiasm was manifested in the proceedings.

Among prominent Hawaiians present were: Judge J. W. Kalua, ex-Representative D. H. Kahalelo, S. K. Mahoe, S. E. Kalua, Jennie Makameli; ex-Senators J. H. Kaohi, D. Kakaekalani, Edward Wilcox, brother of the late R. W. Wilcox, and J. K. Kaohi; Rev. K. K. Rev. E. K. Ohi, G. K. Kaimakala, J. K. Nakakoo, J. M. Kealahou, Wm. Kahilani and Attorney J. M. Poepe, editor of the Home Rule and Ka Na'i Aupuni.

On the platform were: President Charles K. Notley, Vice President William Mossman and Secretary David Kuphea.

The Rev. Kekipi opened the meeting with prayer.

CREDENTIALS.

The following were appointed a committee on credentials: J. Nakakoo for Oahu; C. L. Kookoo for Maui; D. H. Kahalelo for Molokai.

After forty-five minutes discussion, the committee through Kookoo, reported as follows: Oahu, 59; Maui, 50; Hawaii, 12; Kauai, 7.

The report was accepted on J. W. Kalua's motion.

SORTING THE PACK.

On Mokuia's motion the delegates were separated from the spectators and grouped according to the islands they represented. Hawaii and Maui taking the left side of the hall and Oahu and Kauai the right.

In the forenoon there was little talk of fusion and when a discussion was started, the delegates seemed, as a general thing, to be against it.

NOTLEY'S HASTE.

Notley urged a speedy transaction of the business in hand. He was anxious to sail for his Hawaii homestead today and threatened, if necessary, to hold a night session.

There was some talk during the morning of Judge Kalua for delegate, the Judge unobtrusively stating that he would accept the nomination, were it offered him.

A LU'AU.

At noon a lu'au was taken, a lu'au being served the delegates by the ladies of the Kahilualani Society, of which Mrs. C. H. Notley is president.

(Continued on page 2.)

HAWAII LAND LAW IS NOT AMERICAN

Judge Robinson Gives His Views to Senator Perkins.

There have been movements from time to time to secure the repeal of the Hawaiian Land Law, and these movements have taken various directions. The last, apparently, is an effort to interest United States Senator George C. Perkins in the matter, made by Circuit Judge Robinson. The letter of Judge Robinson was forwarded by Senator Perkins to the Interior Department and, coming through channels, has reached Honolulu. It is published now by consent of the Acting Secretary of the Interior as a matter specifically stated to be of public interest, and with the hope that it may excite public discussion—as it doubtless will. The letter, with the enclosure from Senator Perkins referring it to the Secretary of the Interior, follows:

ON AMERICAN LINES.

First Circuit Court, Territory of Hawaii, Honolulu, T. H., April 17, 1906.

Dear Sir: In his message to the present Congress, the President of the United States stated, in the most emphatic terms, that the growth and development of the Territory of Hawaii must be along and upon American lines, pure and simple, and strictly in accordance with American principles. The wisdom of this utterance requires little argument in its support. The Territory of Hawaii is an integral part of this great nation, and its growth and development, in furtherance of the purpose and object of its creation—its ultimate admission as one of the states of the United States, must be along those lines that will eventually lead to that end.

How best to attain this end has been a fruitful theme with those who have at heart the welfare and best interests of this Territory. Many attempts have recently been made and are now being made to bring to this Territory a desirable class of fixed and permanent residents or settlers who will develop the practically unlimited agricultural resources of the Territory, and those who, with their descendants, will best serve to sustain, govern and maintain the strong, self-reliant, self-supporting commonwealth of the future.

ALIEN PAUPERS.

The efforts in this direction that have been made and that are now being made, for the most part, have been to induce the immigration of alien paupers, no permanent residents and prospective citizens of the United States, and that in a community in which the heaven of Americanism is represented by not more than twenty-five per cent of the entire population. Portuguese, Porto Ricans, Koreans, and last, but not least, Molekians, have been introduced to us as a fair type of the permanent residents upon whom and upon whose descendants, their plantation masters lead us to hope that the principles of American citizenship may be safely founded. These alien pauper laborers, in many instances social parasites, moral lepers and religious inmates in the country from which they hail, reared and fostered in lands and under governments to which the American form of government is an anomaly, possessing no intellectuality and but little intelligence, furnish a poor foundation for an intelligent American citizenship during the present generation, and offer but little hope for a substantial foundation for many generations to come.

REPEAL LAND LAWS.

In my judgment the only practical manner in which this Territory can be developed along and upon traditional American lines is by the extension of the general land laws of the United States, in the matter of the pre-emption and homesteading of the public lands situated within this Territory. Under the "Joint Resolution to Provide for Annexing the Hawaiian Islands to the United States," approved July 7, 1898, referred to locally as the "Newlands Resolution," appears the following provision:

"The existing laws of the United States, relative to public lands, shall not apply to such lands in the Hawaiian Islands; but the Congress of the United States shall enact special laws for their management and disposition. Provided, That all moneys from or proceeds of the same, except as regards such part thereof as may be used or occupied for the civil, military or naval purposes of the United States, or may be assigned for the use of the local government, shall be used solely for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands for educational and other public purposes."

TWO MICH POWER.

And an Act entitled "An Act to Pro-

ARMENIANS AND TARTARS AT WAR, ON RUSSIAN SOIL

Pitched Battle Fought in One of the Mountain Passes of Caucasia, and Fighting Goes on in Many Villages.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

TIFLIS, July 31.—A regular war is on between the Tartars and the Armenians in this province. The Tartars attacked the Armenians entrenched in Askaran Pass, but were unable to break the cordon that the Armenians had drawn across the defile.

Fighting is going on in many villages.

SHIPPING ARMS TO FINLAND.

LUBECK, Germany, July 31.—The police have discovered that 707 cases of arms have been shipped from this port to Finland by means of false clearance papers.

WAR ON REVOLUTIONISTS.

ST PETERSBURG, July 31.—Government proceedings have been started against the signers of the Viberg manifesto. This was the proclamation of the United revolutionary organizations, circulated among the peasants, in which the government was accused of betraying the fatherland, and of invoking the aid of German and Austrian troops to put down internal disorders in Russia. It urges the peasants to seize the lands of the nobles, and to overthrow the government.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE CZAR.

The Emperor has appointed Deyden, Comptroller; Prince Livoff, Secretary of Agriculture; Koni, Minister of Justice, and Vinogradoff, Minister of Education.

WORKINGMEN ON STRIKE.

MOSCOW, July 31.—Eighteen thousand workingmen here are on strike.

GETTING IN ALL TAXES.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 30.—Premier Stolypin has instructed the governors of the provinces to compel the payment of the taxes that are in arrears.

RIOTING IN EKATERINOSLAV.

EKATERINOSLAV, July 30.—Rioting among the workmen is in progress here. Many have gone on a strike.

GENERAL OKU HEADS JAPANESE GENERAL STAFF

TOKIO, July 31.—General Oku has been appointed chief of the General Staff of the army.

General Baron Oku commanded the Fifth Division of the Japanese forces during the China-Japan war, receiving a title for distinguished service, and was commander of the second army in the recent Russo-Japan war.

CUBAN GRAFTERS ARE DRIVEN OUT BY PALMA

HAVANA, July 31.—The mayor and the members of the Board of Aldermen have resigned. This is in anticipation of a request from President Palma that they get out of office because of incompetency and graft.

AN ATTEMPT TO WRECK FRENCH FAST EXPRESS

(Associated Press Cablegrams—Afternoon Service.)

CHARLEROI, July 30.—An attempt was made near here to wreck the Paris express. A rail was removed in the hope of ditching the train. The engineer and fireman of the train were killed. The passengers escaped injury.

MRS. COREY GETS A DIVORCE.

RENO, Nevada, July 30.—Mrs. William E. Corey, the wife of the steel trust magnate, was today granted a divorce and awarded the custody of their 16-year-old son. There was no contest made by Corey. Desertion was the ground for the suit.

CRUISER WASHINGTON ACCEPTED.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 30.—The Navy Department has accepted the cruiser Washington, from her builders. She was given her official speed tests several days ago.

PERSIAN VIZIER DISMISSED.

TEHERAN, July 30.—The Grand Vizier, who objected to the proposed popular reforms, has been dismissed.

STREET CAR BUILDERS STRIKE.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Six hundred street car track builders have struck for higher wages and shorter hours.

KILLED IN EXPLOSION.

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—Six men were killed and three injured by an explosion at the Vincennes paper mills here today.

TURKS DISPERSE GREEKS.

SALONIKA, July 30.—A force of 300 Turks dispersed a band of Greeks at Monastir. During the encounter five Greeks were killed.